

change funding structures

cross regional cooperation/collaboration

Collaboration to make access to services easier to navigate for youth and families - no wrong door

food / shelter and safety youth focus and directed

stop talking and start doing

safety - relevant, responsive, connected Increase social-emotional learning/skills for the developing generation

bridging the cracks/siloes between parts of what should be a system of care

major organizations coming together with courage to act on the evidence; too much cowardice currently Need to come together to refuse govt funding/RFPs that reinforce silo-ing and non-collaboration We have to have courage and bravery against the current political climate to advocate for public health basics like harm reduction (safe injuction, govt supply) despite fears/anger against the same.

School support groups for "use and addictions" - in the same way we have SOGI groups, diaspora support groups, etc. This can be for youth experiencing substance use directly, or impacted via familyetc

Coordinated efforts of CARE

Closer collaboration and coordination is universally being asked for, as a means of addressing complex problems. But who is in charge of putting together the big picture? What is the plan?

work on harm reduction stigma, share in positive programming an funding that could be used elsewhere, develop a continuum of care, break down barriers between services, consistent guidelines

Need to collectively agree to no-wrong-door, nowrong-time models of care



Help organizations review their policy and procedures do they support a harm reduction approach with youth or do they create barriers.

That the needs of children and youth with disabilities are present and taken into account in every conversation, collaboration, etc.

In terms of better care pathways, align mandates (age range), transform data and information sharing abilities We're trying to start an Indigenous Lead Youth Treatment Centre in the North, but we've faced multiple barriers including capital expenditure challenges, limited partnering opportunities, policy issue

alter the system to suit youth needs rather than adults

Bureaucratic breakdown of systems

licensing for social workers so that they can do continued training throughout their career To advocate for prevention funding that is long tern and sustainable. While understanding that intervention is still needed. Both are necessary.

focus on the toxic drugs

stop fragmentation of services

As social support sector we want to see RCY use her voice and position with the Province to bring our voices into drug policy discussions

I wish that we would be able to have the societal conversation necessary rather than allowing it to be "punted" into buckets like "treat their mental health". I treat mental health and I need help!

A loud collective voice for change

We need peer recovery group and addictions awareness offered in our high schools and middle schools.

To support removing segregation of care

frame the bigger challenge and risks for young people including injuries, harms - if all we are concerned about is kids not dying then that is a very low bar



seamless transition/access to services Cannot conflate the two questions posed, i.e. 1. impacts of substance use, 2. toxic drug crisis. Are we bringing youth voice into the drug policy conversation? That is different than the broader q1.

What can "recovery communities" look and feel like? How do we engage communities to hold healing space for youth returning from care, outside of their community (and how do we get care IN community)

bring together healthcare providers to have a shared vision of how to address youth using substances, to prioritize it, and motivate them to learn and take it on.

De-normalize substance use amongst adolescents (while still completely accepting and supporting those who are using). Differentiate between the persons and the behavior.

Who is going to speak the truth

funding that does not restrict ability of providers to provide the service that is needed at the time (i.e. can provide HR services onsite not just supplies and tell youth to leave) all hardworking well intentioned individuals/experts - but can't do it alone



Youth NEED to be involved

clearly define how the issues of toxic drugs and youth intersect as they are two different issues

Who will be a champion for change and who will listen

Are organizations able to support Harm reduction with all substances- alcohol to zopiclone. Or is it just the ones that the organization/ staff feel comfortable supporting

Children and youth - specific services

Lets build the youth version of the Coroners' report!

That families raising youth with disabilities can have access to information and support that considers the intersection of their circumstances.

involving front line workers and youth addicts in direct ministry planning

value of youth voice

Improve access to timely qualified and skilled trauma therapies

Need to ensure SDOH and Basic Needs are a right for kids. Have to come together to expose root cause to prevent criminalization. how to create/alter services that come to the youth, rather than expecting them to travel and navigate how to get what they need....

I want to address parents' fears about their children without cowtowing to them. We have to hear what they're worried about while directing it to techniques to work!

How RCY can use it's power and access to advance youth voice in drug policy

culturally safe services that are decolonized

Are we supporting staff to do this work- its a different approach to many cant just change policy and have a training- repeated engagement, help walk through moral distress.



moving away from abstinence only models to supporting continuum of care

More early/timely mental health services

safe supply - reducing stigma and resistance when youth are involved

More prevention and education

Fragmented system- we can navigate it how is a patient or their family. The split of CYMH, Health Authority Foundries doesnt create cohesive supported approach and info sharing Bigger aspiration: address the toxic supply of drugs. Having a system where there are no health and safety regulations/oversight on the production and distribution of drugs is causing harm for youth

Why are we not doing more to ensure the drug supply is not toxic?

build network to have collective voice



youth voices integrated in

More harm reduction for children and youth

Toxic drugs is a different conversation than addiction!!!

Interrupt the lethal triad of traumas (including attachment), limited social/emotional skill development and normalization (and access to) of substance use in the developmental (youth) years

support and care for families

